

29, 1-232, 1999
ISSN: 1136-6834

Copying of the summary pages is autorised

Cifuentes Pazos, José Manuel; Larrea Beobide, Angel (Eusko Ikaskuntza. M^º Díaz de Haro, 11-1. 48013 Bilbao): La población vizcaína en el siglo XVII: Tendencias dominantes (The population in Bizkaia in the 17th century: dominant trends) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 5-19

Abstract: The population of Bizkaia experimented a global stagnation in the 17th century, which was the result of a major urban loss and a certain rural gain in population, which amounts to a populational redistribution in favour of the peasants and a discreet vegetative growth in the peasant population. The actual evolution was as follows: 1) A critical and dismal phase at the end of the 16th and beginning of the 17th century (first decade). 2) Recovery and stagnation by the mid thirties. 3) High and low periods with crises more or less every ten years and periods of recovery in between (1635-1655). 4) A phase of slow ascent with crises every ten years or so alternating with favourable stages (1666-1700).

Key Words: Historical demography. Modern History. Population censuses. "Fogueraciones". Bizkaia.

Dacosta Martínez, Arsenio F. (Adobe, Gestión de Patrimonio Histórico. Juan Picornell, 32-34, 1^º D. 37006 Salamanca): Patronos y linajes en el Señorío de Bizkaia. Materiales para una cartografía del poder en la baja Edad Media (Employers and lineages in the Seigniorship of Bizkaia. Material for a cartography of power in the late Middle Ages) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 21-46

Abstract: The author first attempts to offer a complete list of the patronages in the late Middle Ages in the Seigniorship of Bizkaia starting from a thorough revision of previous contributions, and he then confirms that most of such patronages are of laic property, and more concretely, that they belong to lineages of Hidalgos (lower nobility). Finally, taking the main owners as an example, the author attempts to demonstrate that the monasteries controlled by each lineage make compact networks which are articulated in accordance with their social and economic strategies.

Key Words: Lineages. Laic Patronages. Seigniorship of Bizkaia. Late Middle Ages. Networks of power. Lower nobility. Competition between lords. Geopolitics.

Equiza, Jesús (Eusko Ikaskuntza. Pza. del Castillo, 43 bis – 3.D. 31001 Iruñea): Urbanismo y Parroquias en Pamplona y Comarca (Urban planning and parishes in Pamplona and outskirts) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 47-65

Abstract: This study exposes the relationship between industrialization, urban structure and the the pastoral organization. At first sight it is easy to perceive this relationship, but it was necessary to reveal in a sociological manner the close relationship between these three social phenomena. Pre-industrial Pamplona had a static town structure and a pastoral which was structured in five parishes. Around the end of the 19th century the first industries emerge around the Estación del Norte (North Station). Housing is built in Rochapea, and a parish emerges: that of Salvador. It is the sixth parish to come up and, thus, up to 35.

Key Words: Industrialization. Urban structure. Pastoral. Relationship.

Ibáñez Ortega, Norberto (Univ. del País Vasco. Dpto. de Historia Contemporánea. Apdo. 644. 48080 Bilbao): El cooperativismo en Vizcaya (1923-36): un marco teórico y práctico de socialibidad (Cooperativism in Biskaia (1923-36): a theoretical and practical framework of social relations) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 67-90

Abstract: The present research makes an analysis of the theoretic and practical consequences of cooperativism in Biscay from 1923 to 1936. During this period cooperativism developed a great deal as far as housing and consumption are concerned, within working class environments mainly. A reformist economical system was used as a method of implementation. Its main aim was to give a solution to the rise in price of everyday needs and house rentings, worsened by the European pos-war influences.

Key Words: Cooperativism. Asociationism. Social Economy. Sociability. Consumer affairs. Housing. Mutualism. Working class.

Martínez Rueda, Fernando (Univ. del País Vasco. Fac. de Filología y Geografía e Historia. Paseo de la Universidad, 5. 01006 Vitoria-Gasteiz): Familia eta boterea XVIII. mendeko Bizkaian: Enkarterrietako La Quadratarak (Family and power in 18th century Biskaia: The La Cuadra family in the Encartaciones area) (Orig. eu)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 91-106

Abstract: The House of Cuadra is an example that shows the importance of family strategies on the control of the power in traditional communities. It was a powerful family coming from Western Biscay which played an important leading role in the local political framework during the XVIII century. This paper analyses the strategies that allowed the House of Cuadra to control the power and which show the colective strategies of the dominant group.

Key Words: Social history. Basque Country. 18th Century. Local power. Family strategies.

Pescador Medrano, Aitor (Hilarión Eslava, 12 – 4.C. 31600 Burlada): Tenentes y tenencias del Reino de Pamplona en Álava, Vizcaya, Guipúzcoa, La Rioja y Castilla (1004-1076) (“Tenentes” and “Tenencias” in the Kingdom of Pamplona in Álava, Vizcaya, Guipúzcoa, La Rioja & Castilla (1004-1076))

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 107-144

Abstract: Meanwhile a political configuration reached the territory of the ancient kingdom of Navarre, there was a structuration of its realm in different manors granted *per manum regis* to the local lords. The expansion of the kingdom over the territories conquered to the Islam and the asimilation of some lands formerly in close relation with the astur-leonese monarchs, will lead to a diversification of the Navarrese magnats. The aim of the study is to present the particular historical course of these territories and their lords from 1004 to 1076.

Key Words: Tenants. Tenancies. County. Seignory. Kingdom of Pamplona.

Rilova Jericó, Carlos (Zabaleta, 47, 6º C. 20002 Donostia-San Sebastián): Brujería en la comarca del Bidasoa. El problema de la incredulidad en el siglo XVIII (Witchcraft in the Bidasoa region. The problem of incredulity in the 18th century)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 145-167

Abstract: Through the contrast among various sources (spanish, french and english), both of archive and published, the author research about the mentality that gave impulse to the european witchcraze during the Modern Age.

Key Words: Witchcraft. Witch nunt. Religious mentality. 17th and 18th Centuries.

Sebastián García, Lorenzo (Eusko Ikaskuntza. San Antonio, 41. 01005 Vitoria-Gasteiz): La represión económica bajo el primer Gobierno Vasco. La Junta Calificadora Central (1936-1937) (Economic repression under the first Basque Government. The *Junta Calificadora Central* (Central Qualifying Board) (1936-1937)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 169-184

Abstract: In this work an analysis is made of the economic repression exercised by the Basque Government (1936-1937) by means of the *Junta Calificadora Central*. This repression has a double objective, to economically punish conspirators against the Republic and to attempt to achieve a compensation for the damages produced by the war.

Key Words: Basque Government. Civil war. Economic repression. “Junta Calificadora Central”. Euskadi.

Granja Sainz, José Luis de la; Pablo Contreras, Santiago de; Landa Montenegro, Carmelo (Univ. del País Vasco. Dpto. de Historia Contemporánea. Apdo. 644. 48080 Bilbao): Bibliografía y tesis doctorales de Historia Contemporánea del País Vasco (1997) (Bibliography and doctoral theses about the Contemporary History of the Basque Country (1997)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 29, 187-228

Abstract: The aim of this research work is to publish a yearly Bibliographic Directory about the Contemporary History of the Basque Country, comprising of the Basque Provinces (today, the Basque Autonomous Community) and Navarre in Spain, and the Basque Provinces in France. This study includes information of every paper published in Journals and every book edited in 1997 about the Basque History from the French Revolution to the present-day. Titles are classified in ten sections: Archives, Bibliography and Historiography; General Works; XIXth Century; XXth Century; and six chronological periods (1789-1833, 1833-1876, 1875-1931, 1931-1939, 1939-1975 and from 1976 to the present-day). This Directory also has a list of the doctoral theses about the Contemporary History of the Basque Country carried out in several Universities of the Basque Country and abroad, during the year 1997. Finally, this Directory includes an Addenda with some publications from 1995 and 1996 that were not listed in the Bibliography appeared in the issue # 25 (1998) of *Vasconia*.

Key Words: Bibliography. Contemporary History. The Basque Country. Doctoral Theses.