Analytic Summary

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Presumido Casado, Pablo; Reconstructing the Navarrese Elites' Discourse under the reign of Charles II (1665-1700)

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 45, 5-27.

Abstract: Occupying the top position of the society in the second half of the 17th century did not only depend on the economic activities that one did, no matter how lucrative they might have been. It was also necessary to occupy the most relevant political and social positions. In order to achieve this, it was very important to develop a discourse to legitimize those intended positions. This article will investigate the most outstanding discursive elements used by those historical characters who occupied prominent positions in Navarre during the reign of Charles II of Spain (1665-1700). Focus in mainly places on those who aspired to have a seat in the legislative organism, the Parliament of Navarre, as a stepping stone to a position in the Empire. To achieve this goal, the Reports of the Call to the Cortes will be used in contrast with other documentation to find out if the changes that were taking place in society were also reflected in the speeches of these elites.

Keywords: Seat in parliament, speech, service, aristocracy, Crown.

Iñarra San Vicente, Xabier; The reason of unreason. Attitudes towards Enlightened ideas in the Basque Provinces (1748-1839)

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 45, 29-82.

Abstract: This article seeks to discuss some entrenched ideas about Basque Enlightened movement. More concretely, we will revise a common approach in different historiographical tendencies according to which Basque Enlighteners constituted a minority, influenced by foreign currents but placed inside a traditional society reluctant to accept any novelty. As a result, it could be possible to confirm

a social cleavage that would set the stage for the later confrontation between Liberals and Absolutists as late as in 1833. Accounts from the period (depiction of the Real Sociedad de los Amigos del País members both from inside as well as from outside the institution) suggest the presence of two ideologically opposed groups. However, the case of Julián de Churruca y Elorza, part of an Enlightened and Liberal milieu and, in spite of that supporter of messianic opinions concerning the superiority of Basque language, seems to put into question the very existence of two ideologically neatly defined sides. That will encourage us to put forward a proposal for a reinterpretation of the period's intellectual reality.

Keywords: Basque Enlightenment, Early Modern Science, Geocentrism, Millenarianism.

Gamboa, Martín; The cultural legacy of Basque immigration in Uruguay.

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 45, 83-102.

Abstract: This article describes and analyzes the "cultural legacy" of Basque immigration in Uruguay. Thus, the research shows the tangible and intangible patrimonial contribution made by Basque immigrants in their successive migratory waves. Throughout a cultural biography of cultural goods, the research demonstrates the patrimonial contribution made by Basque ethnic group in the different realms of culture.

Keywords: Uruguay, Basque immigration, cultural legacy, tangible and intangible heritage, cultural biography, tourist-heritage activation.

Delgado Aldabaldetreku, Jon; The unknown Donostia of the workers, 1940-1980.

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 45, 103-134.

Abstract: In the present work, the underlying matter of seeing Donostia only as a bourgeois city example has been investigated. Different aspects of the eastern zone of Donostia have been studied, aspects as the industrialization process, migration and the changes carried out in urban planification between 1950 and 1980. Moreover, those aspects will be based on the General Urban Development Plan of 1962. The aim is to invest the lifestyle of those workers who were living in the Eastern zone of the city.

Keywords: Contemporary History, Donostia, Eastern Zone, Working class, Urbanism, Migration, Urban segregation.