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Llorente Arribas, Elena; Basque Noblemen and Nobility in the Royal Chancillerías. Legal evidences, historiography and archival science

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 5-30.

Abstract: This article realises a brief analysis of the main documents with which the modern basque noblemen with universal nobility proved their quality in the royal chanceries of Granada and Valladolid. Combining a diplomatic and archival approach, with a practical sense for research, with historiography, taking into account possible applications.

Keywords: Universal nobility; Royal Chancerie of Valladolid; Royal Chancerie of Granada; diplomatic; archival science; Hispanic Monarchy; Modern Age.

Pintos, Gabriel; Hydrografia of Poza, 1585: the textbook that disciplined basque pilots in the 16th century

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 31-55.

Abstract: This article is framed within the investigation that we are carrying out on piloting textbooks in the Modern Age. In which we address the Navigation Regiments, the study plan for the training of the pilots of the Carrera de Indias that was taught in the Casa de la Contratación in Seville in the 16th century and Hydrography. What constitute the variables of the study related through the effective instrument that is the analysis of Hydrography, to establish the degree of training received by the students of Poza while enabling us to face it with the curriculum taught at the Casa de Hiring. What finally allows us to know the study plan followed by Poza and determine its comparability with that taught by the professor of Cosmography of the Casa de Contratación de Sevilla.

Keywords: Hydrography; Poza; Pilots; Navigation Regiments; Nautical Training; 16th century.

Martínez Borrallo, Antonio; Historical Archive of Notarial Protocols of Madrid. A Historical Source for the Study of Financial and Commercial Basque-Navarrese Elites at the Court of Madrid

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 57-81.

Abstract: This paper analyzes the role of notarial protocols as a fundamental historical source for the study of the networks of Basque and Navarrese family groups established in Madrid, they had an important presence in the management of the large financial and commercial institutions of the country and formed an enlightened mercantile elite at the service of the Spanish monarchy during the 18th century and the first third of the 19th century.

Keywords: Five Major Guilds of Madrid; merchants; financiers; Basques; Navarrese; family groups; notarial documents; Enlightenment.

Larrinaga Ortiz, Mikel; Historical sources for the study of charity: the archives of Guipuzcoa (1750-1850)

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 83-122.

Abstract: This paper analyzes the role of notarial protocols as a fundamental historical source for the study of the networks of Basque and Navarrese family groups established in Madrid, they had an important presence in the management of the large financial and commercial institutions of the country and formed an enlightened mercantile elite at the service of the Spanish monarchy during the 18th century and the first third of the 19th century.

Keywords: Five Major Guilds of Madrid; merchants; financiers; Basques; Navarrese; family groups; notarial documents; Enlightenment.

Peña Ramos, Jon; When Mars met Venus. The marriage records of the military officers during the reign of Charles III (1761-1788).

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 123-148.

Abstract: The present work studies a source of great interest related to the actors and families present in the apparatus of the Hispanic monarchy in the eighteenth century: the marriage records of the officers of the army and navy. These collections have gone practically unnoticed by a large number of historians, an issue that is paradoxical given their richness and the opportunities that their use can offer. The following pages address a study on the characteristics of this documentation, currently lacking in a comprehensive analysis, with special emphasis on some qualitative examples of Basque and Navarrese officers. In the same way, it will reflect on its importance in the construction of the social history of administration and power, as well as for other currents such as the history of the family.

Keywords: Marriage records; officials; marriage; sources; military.

Dohino, Hidenao; The Judicial Records of the 1766 Revolt in Guipuscoa. Elements for a microhistory of a provincial community in the Eighteenth century

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 149-171.

Abstract: In this methodological paper we present the so-called los autos de oficio contra los amotinados, an important source to approach the 1766 Guipuscoan riot and offer a holistic vision of this event, as well as to show the inner-tensions of the Basque community in the mid 18th century. The potential of the source is analyzed along with the problems arisen by its use, so that researchers interested in these documents can effectively take advantage of them.

Keywords: Criminal proceedings; riot; Guipuscoa; social conflict.

Bernaola, Iñigo; Ignacio María de Álava. Naval Officer of the enlightenment

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 173-211.

Abstract: Álava will be one of the most prominent protagonists of the Navy of the Enlightenment era. Between 1795 and 1803 he will assume command of the renowned Asian squad aimed for the defence of the Philippines. He will participate in the Battle of Trafalgar in October 1805, and he will protect in 1809 the Bay of Cadiz from the French invasion during the Peninsular War.

Keywords: Enlightenment; Revolution; navy; Carlos IV; Napoleon Bonaparte; Ignacio María de Álava; the Peninsular War; Philippines.

Mikelarena Peña, Fernando; A neighbor catholic writer, reactionary and choleric. Pío Baroja before Eladio Esparza, deputy director of Diario de Navarra, and before the cultural war of traditionalism

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 213-240.

Abstract: This article analyzes the relationship between Eladio Esparza, a catholic and reactionary writer and deputy director of Diario de Navarra since 1930, with Pío Baroja. Esparza was originally from Iesaka and lived for years in the town next to Iera where the writer lived. Having associated with him in the 1910s, from 1936 he harshly criticized him as part of the culture war of traditionalism and Esparza's involvement in the new situation. However, he was able to mediate the writer's arrest on July 22, 1936.

Keywords: Pío Baroja; Eladio Esparza; Diario de Navarra; Cultural war; Carlism; Civil war.

Murua Imaz, Xabier; Position and assessment of the Basque parties on the Basque Economic Agreement

In: Vasconia. Cuadernos de Historia-Geografía. 46, 241-280.

Abstract: The Basque Economic Agreement is one of the pillars of Basque self-government that arouses the greatest consensus among the political parties of the Basque Country. The aim of this article is to analyse the opinion and position of the parties represented in the Basque Parliament during the 11th legislature (2016-2020). In this way, the axes of convergence and divergence existing within the Basque party system with regard to the Basque Economic Agreement in a context after the cessation of ETA's armed activity are studied. In order to carry out the research, a survey has been carried out and a series of interviews have been conducted with representatives of all the parties of the Basque parliamentary arc.

Keywords: Basque Country; Basque Parliament; Basque Economic Agreement; public opinion; politics.