

31, 1-456, 2001  
ISSN: 1136-6834

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**Alberdi Lonbide, Xabier** (Kale Nagusia, 6, 4. 20800 Zarautz): Conflictos de intereses en torno a la aplicación de las pragmáticas de fletes en Gipuzkoa entre mediados del siglo XVI y principios del siglo XVII (Clash of interests about the application of the Freight Laws in Gipuzkoa, between the middle of XVIth century and the start of XVIIth century) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 7-19

Abstract: This investigation want to know clash of interests which produced the application of the freight laws, given for the king, in the Gipuzkoan sea economy, between XVI th and XVII th centuries.

Key Words: Maritime Trade. Freight. Legislation. Conflicts.

**Angulo Morales, Alberto** (Univ. del País Vasco. Dpto. de Historia Medieval, Moderna y de América. Pº de la Universidad, 5. 01006 Vitoria-Gasteiz): Comercialización y contrabando de tabaco en el País Vasco durante el antiguo régimen (Tobacco Smuggling and Contraband in the Basque Country during the ancient regime) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 21-43

Abstract: The purpose of this work is to reflect on the influence and relevancy of an illegal activity like smuggling in the economic and political life of the Basque Provinces from the 17<sup>th</sup> century until the 19<sup>th</sup> century. The author intends to project a perspective over time where he intertwines the most relevant threads of a historical situation that to a large extent conditioned the lives of the inhabitants of the Basque Country.

Key Words: Tobacco. Smuggling. Trade. Companies. Statutes. Basque Country.

**Aragón Ruano, Alvaro** (Univ. del País Vasco. Fac. de Filología y Geografía e Historia. Dpto. de Historia Medieval, Moderna y de América. Paseo de la Universidad, 5. 01006 Vitoria-Gasteiz): Conflictos entre el Corregidor y la Provincia de Guipúzcoa por la jurisdicción sobre los bosques durante el siglo XVIII: lo excepcional del caso guipuzcoano (Disputes between the Judge and the Province of Gipuzkoa due to the jurisdiction of the woodland during the XVIIIth century: the special case of Gipuzkoa) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 45-65

Abstract: If until the middle of the XVIIIth century the jurisdiction of Gipuzkoa's woodland was cumulative between the provincial institutions, the council mayors, the Judge and the Navy institutions, the Royal Warrant of June the 28th, 1749, opened a new period in which the Government of Gipuzkoa worked in a private and exclusive way, thing that provoked a head-on confrontation with the Judge, who wanted to carry on exercising his prerogatives.

Key Words: Gipuzkoa. Law code. Woodland. XVIIIth century.

**Azcona Guerra, Ana Mercedes** (Eusko Ikaskuntza. Pl. Castillo, 43 bis-3ºD. 31001 Iruñea): Del puerto comercial al puerto industrial: síntesis comparada de los puertos vascos de Pasajes y Bayona (siglos XVIII-XIX) (From a commercial port to an industrial port: compared synthesis of the Basque ports of Pasajes and Bayonne (18<sup>th</sup> - 19<sup>th</sup> centuries)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 67-90

Abstract: The long-term comparative analysis of two frontier ports located to both sides of the Pyrenees has been made considering some important variables - geographical, political, human, economics- that defined the port-city relation during the commercial capitalism and in the Industrial Revolution. We have remarked in the multiple activities produced in each period and in the changing course of time followed in each one: in Bayonne the dynamic fluvial port-city was broken as a consequence of the creation of industrial port in the littoral while in Pasajes the port was the most important promoter of the industrial urbanization of their surroundings. During the last third of nineteenth century the industrialization produced a higher level of specialization and the regional character was stressed.

Key Words: The Basque Country. Compared history. Port history. Commercial history and industrial history.

**Dacosta, Arsenio** (Adobe, Gestión de Patrimonio Histórico. Avda. Comuneros, 54, 6ºB. 37003 Salamanca): Estructura, uso y funciones del nombre en la Baja Edad Media: el ejemplo de los hidalgos vizcaínos (Structure, use and functions of names in the Late Middle Ages: the example of "hidalgos" (noblemen) from Biskaia) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 91-112

Abstract: Names are signs. And, because of this, the onomastics of the "hidalgos" is not a neutral reference system, but a staunch reflection of internal hierarchy of the lineage and of the need to identify individuals and locate them socially. These onomastics also have notable ideological implications like the attribution of value to the name depending on the position of the individual in the genealogy, the cult to forebears, cultural influences of the European nobility of the period and the conception of the past and of history in the imagination of noblemen.

Key Words: Onomastics. Lineage. "Hidalgos". Seigniorship of Bizkaia. Late Middle Ages. Lower Nobility. Chivalrous ideal. Inheritance. Family patrimony.

**Duo, Gonzalo** (Eusko Ikaskuntza. Fac. Pluridisciplinaire. 29-31 cours du Comte de Cabarrus. F-64100 Baiona): Formas de navegación en el Puerto de Plentzia a través de los documentos de la Cofradía de Mareantes de San Pedro (Siglos XIII-XIX) (Forms of navigation in the Port of Plentzia through the documents of the Confraternity of Sailors of San Pedro (13<sup>th</sup> – 19<sup>th</sup> Centuries)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 113-132

Abstract: About the Confraternity in Plentzia we only knew, until fifteen years ago and through the historians of the nineteenth century in Biskaia, that it had some decades of splendour at the end of the 18<sup>th</sup> century and decadence in the 19<sup>th</sup> century until its extinction. Our documentary research, together with those of other authors, try to clarify the various realities of the Confraternity throughout its long history: fishing, cabotage, navigation in the high seas, confreres and ship enrollments, nautical teaching, etc.

Key Words: Confraternity of Sailors. Bizkaia. Forms of navigation: cabotage and high seas. 16<sup>th</sup> – 19<sup>th</sup> Centuries.

**Alonso Olea, Eduardo J.** (Univ. del País Vasco. Dpto. Historia Contemporánea. Apdo. 644. 48080 Bilbao): Santa Ana de Bolueta. Salarios y condiciones de trabajo. 1841-1941 (Santa Ana de Bolueta. Wages and work conditions. 1841-1941) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 135-164

Abstract: Santa Ana de Bolueta is a long-established and well-known company that has a first-class archive. In this case their paybooks and internal regulations are analysed, in addition to some of the most relevant strikes between 1841 and the civil war. In times in which contracts and dismissals of workers were absolutely free their personnel expenses were directly related to the various conjunctures in which the company's activity took place, sometimes in very concrete instances and in other occasions generally attributable to the whole of the sector in Biskaia.

Key Words: History of the Basque Country. Entrepreneurial history. Siderurgy. Working class.

**Alvarez, Oscar** (Univ. del País Vasco. Fac. de Filología y Geografía e Historia. Dpto. de Historia Medieval, Moderna y de América. Paseo de la Universidad, 5. 01006 Vitoria-Gasteiz); **Luzuriaga, Juan Carlos** (Centro Vasco "Haize Hegoa". Tacuarembó 1576, apto. 802. Montevideo. Uruguay): La Guerra Civil en el País Vasco, el exilio y la opinión pública uruguaya (1936-1940) (The civil war in the Basque Country, the exile community and Uruguayan public opinion (1936 - 1940)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 165-179

Abstract: The Civil War (1936-1939) had a strong repercussion in the public opinion of Uruguay, given by a double reason: the affective links among the Uruguayan and Spanish population, and the political syntony between the different Uruguayan parties and the Spanish faced decrees. In the case of Basques, the war supposed a debate around the alignment of the nationalists in the war, its autonomous aspirations and the "crusade" character claimed by Franco.

Key Words: Spanish Civil War. Public opinion. Uruguay. Basques in Uruguay.

**Díaz Hernández, Onésimo** (Univ. de Navarra. Dpto. de Historia. Campus Universitario. 31080 Pamplona): Estanislao Urquijo Ussía, tercer Marqués de Urquijo: finanzas, política y alta sociedad durante la Restauración (Estanislao Urquijo Ussía, the third Marquis of Urquijo: bank, politic and aristocracy on Spanish Restoration) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 181-192

Abstract: This research work on the third Marquis of Urquijo show us a man that had an important influence on Spanish Restoration. First we study the most valuable attributes of family Urquijo's power roll, spotting especially one out of the members of the family: Estanislao Urquijo Ussía. After that, we describe the marriage politics and social relationship within the Urquijo family at the beginning of the XXth century. Finally, we detail the Industry sharing carried about through the family's Bank, and we point out their politic approach to the House of Representatives elections.

Key Words: Third Marquis of Urquijo. Marriage politics and social, relationship. Politic. Bank and industry.

**Domingo Hernández, M<sup>a</sup> del Mar** (Eusko Ikaskuntza. M<sup>a</sup> Díaz de Haro, 11-1<sup>o</sup>. 48013 Bilbao): El País Vasco y Cataluña, una historia comparada: la limitada incidencia de la legislación sobre casas baratas en Barakaldo, Portugalete, Sabadell y Terrassa (1911-1936) (The Basque Country and Catalonia, a comparative history: the limited incidence of legislation on cheap housing in Barakaldo, Portugalete, Sabadell and Terrassa (1911-1936)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 193-212

Abstract: During the XIX century, the problem of housing in Europe acquired an unusual character. In an attempt to palliate its incidence, the Spanish state promulgated, between 1911 and 1936, the sp-called Laws on Cheap Housing. Barakaldo, Portugalete, Sabadell and Terrassa, the four towns analysed, participated in the construction of cheap housing with varying intensity, allowing us, finally, to glimpse the disability of that set of laws to restore the natural balance between inhabitants and dwellings.

Key Words: Cheap Houses. Worker housing. Social issues. Social Reforms. 1911-1936. Barakaldo. Portugalete. Sabadell. Terrassa.

**Ibáñez Ortega, Norberto** (Univ. del País Vasco. Dpto. de Historia Contemporánea. Apdo. 644. 48080 Bilbao): Seguridad e higiene en el trabajo industrial en Vizcaya (1900-1936) (Security and hygiene in industrial work in Biskaia (1900-1936)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 213-241

Abstract: The industrial development in Biscay meant a rise in the labour accident rate as well as in the risk of professional illnesses. The juridical normalization from the 1900 law could not prevent its progressive increase. This problem lay in both the lack of law observance by the employers and in the deficiencies in inspection. Apart from that, the difficulty in finding out about the origen of certain cases of sick leave, mainly when it was hernia, used to prevent workers from collecting insurance. Finally, hygienic deficiencies in workshops and the work pace eventually affected the workers' physical conditions.

Key Words: Rate of occupational accidents. Professional diseases. Work accidents. Occupational legislation. Work inspection. Industrial space.

**Pérez Pérez, José Antonio** (Univ. del País Vasco. Dpto. Historia Contemporánea. Sarriena s/n. 48940 Leioa): El problema de la vivienda en Vizcaya bajo el franquismo (The problem of the housing in Biskaia under the Franquist regime) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 243-273

Abstract: The possibility of getting a house to live was of the main social problems during franquism. In the 60's and 70's, the high migratory movement towards Biscay worsened the situation, and a solution could not be found due to many other facts, such as the huge demographic increase, economic interests involved, peculiar arrangements of industrial and housing areas, and the lack of a proper social policy. Inmigrant workers were the ones who suffered that deficient planning more severely.

Key Words: Workers. House. Franquism. Biskay.

**Rodríguez Alvarez, Miguel José** (Eusko Ikaskuntza. Miramar Jauregia – Miraconcha, 48. 20007 Donostia): La lucha antifranquista de posguerra: el caso de los "comandos" vascos (The anti-franquist struggle in the post-war period: the case of the Basque "commandos") (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 275-304

Abstract: The greater military opposition of the Basque government to overthrow Franco's régime took place from May to July in 1945. Looking for an own political site in the postwar Europe, Lendakari Aguirre negotiated with the American government the formation of a Basque military force. In a high secret atmosphere a group of men were placed in the sumptuous castle of Rothschild and were given a course similar to the one of the rangers, that is a élite unit of the American Army. The Truman administration's lack of interest made the operation fail.

Key Words: Resistance. World War II. Rothschild. Basque commandos. Military press.

**Vargas Alonso, Fco. Manuel** (I.E.S. "Cardenal Sandoval y Rojas". Dpto. de Orientación. Juan de Juni, 2. 09400 Aranda de Duero): El Partido Nacionalista Vasco en Guerra: Euzko Gudarostea (1936-1937) (The Basque Nationalist Party in the war: Euzko Gudarostea (1936-1937)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 305-343

Abstract: During the 1936-1939 Spanish civil war the fundamental aspect in the Basque Country was the presence of a Basque nationalist political force, the Basque Nationalist Party (EAJ-PNV). This was converted into the point of reference of the Basque autonomic framework and it had its own military force, Euzko Gudarostea, differentiated from the other Militias raised by the rest of the political and trade union forces present in the Basque Country.

Key Words: Spanish Civil War. Militias. Euzko Gudarostea. Basque Nationalism. EAJ-PNV.

**Granja Sainz, José Luis de la; Bazán, Iñaki; Álvarez Gila, Óscar; Angulo Morales, Alberto; Pablo Contreras, Santiago de; Gil Zubillaga, Eliseo; Landa Montenegro, Carmelo** (Sociedad de Estudios Vascos / Eusko Ikaskuntza. Sección de Historia-Geografía. Miramar Jauregia. Miraconcha, 48. 20007 Donostia-San Sebastián): *Bibliografía General de Historia de Vasconia (1998)* (General Bibliography about the History of the Vasconia (1998)) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 347-446

Abstract: The objective of this work is the annual publication of a Bibliographical Index for the History of Vasconia, including the territory of the Basque Provinces (today, the Autonomous Community of the Basque Country), Navarra and Iparralde. It encompasses what is published in magazines and books edited in 1998 about Basque History from the Antiquity to the present day. The titles are classified in six large sections: Archives, Libraries, Bibliography and Historiography; General Works, Ancient Times, Middle Ages, Modern Age and Contemporary Age. At the same time, these four Ages are subdivided into General Works and in several historical periods.

Key Words: Bibliography. History. Vasconia.

**Granja Sainz, José Luis de la; Pablo Contreras, Santiago de; Landa Montenegro, Carmelo** (Univ. del País Vasco / Euskal Herriko Unib. Dpto. de Historia Contemporánea. Apartado 644. 48080 Bilbao): *Bibliografía y Tesis Doctorales de Historia Contemporánea del País Vasco (1997): Addenda* (Bibliography and doctoral theses about the Contemporary History of the Basque Country (1997): Addenda) (Orig. es)

In: *Vasconia*. 31, 447-450

Abstract: The Addenda that is presented completes the Bibliography and doctoral theses in Contemporary History of the Basque Country (1997), published in issue no. 29 of *Vasconia*. History- Geography notebooks (1999, Pages. 187-228). It contains references on Archives, Bibliography and Historiography; General Works; 20<sup>th</sup> Century; the Franquist Dictatorship and the exile community (1939-1975); and Transition, Democracy and Autonomy (from 1976).

Key Words: Bibliography. Contemporary History. Vasconia.